Annexure 5: Basel III Pillar 3 Disclosures

1. Scope of Application

CSB Bank Ltd (formerly Catholic Syrian Bank Ltd) is a commercial bank formed on 26th November 1920 with Registered Office at Thrissur. In August 1969, the Bank was included in the Second Schedule to the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934. The bank has no subsidiaries.

2. Capital Structure

Qualitative Disclosures:

As per Basel III guidelines, the Bank is required to maintain a minimum Capital to Risk Weighted Assets Ratio (CRAR) of 9% {11.5% including Capital Conservation Buffer (CCB)}, with minimum Common Equity Tier I (CET1) of 5.5% (8% including CCB) as on 1st October 2021. The minimum capital required to be maintained by the Bank (including CCB) for the period ended 30th September 2022 is 11.5% with minimum Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) of 8% (including CCB of 2.5%).

Bank's capital structure consists of Tier 1 and Tier 2 capital. The major components of Tier 1 capital are equity share capital, equity share premium, statutory reserves, general reserves, special reserve (Section 36(i)(viii) of Income Tax Act) and capital reserves and revaluation reserves (after discounting). Tier 2 capital consists of provision for standard assets, provisions held for country exposures and Investment Fluctuation reserves. Bank has not issued any Upper Tier 2 bonds or perpetual debt or other innovative instruments.

Quantitative Disclosures:

The breakup of capital funds is as follows:

₹ in million

	As on 30.09.2022	As on 30.06.2022
	AS 011 30.09.2022	AS 011 30.06.2022
Tier 1 Capital		
Paid up Share capital	1,735.38	1,735.38
Share Premium	17,921.08	17,921.08
Employee Stock Options Outstanding	157.42	143.09
Statutory Reserves	3,191.61	3,191.61
Capital Reserves	2,078.77	2,078.77
Special Reserve (36 (i) (viii))	309.37	309.37
Other eligible reserves	1,014.54	1,011.55
Revaluation Reserves after discounting	686.78	688.13
Total Tier 1 Capital (Gross)	27,094.96	27,078.98
Less: Debit balance in P&L account	(1,988.25)	(1,988.25)
Less: Deferred Tax Assets and Other Intangible	(319.09)	(332.45)
Assets	,	
Total Tier 1 Capital (Net) [A]	24,787.61	24,758.28
Tier 2 Capital		
General provisions	995.92	955.94
Investment Fluctuation Reserve	590.77	590.77
Total Tier 2 Capital (Net) [B]	1,586.69	1,546.71
Total Eligible capital [A] + [B]	26,374.30	26,304.99

3. Capital Adequacy

Qualitative Disclosures:

In accordance with the guidelines of RBI, the bank has adopted standardized approach for credit risk, basic indicator approach for operational risk and standardized duration approach for market risk for computing capital adequacy. Basel III Capital regulations are applicable to Banks in India from 1st April, 2013 and is fully phased in by 1st October 2021. Detailed guidelines on Basel III Capital Regulations and Guidelines on Composition of Capital Disclosure Requirements are issued by RBI and consolidated under the Master Circular – Basel III Capital Regulations April 2022.

Regulatory Capital Adequacy position (as per Basel II & Basel III norms as made applicable by RBI) is assessed periodically. Besides, the bank also assessed its own internal estimate of risk capital based on its Board approved ICAAP policy and Stress Testing Policy to cover the Pillar 2 risks. Risks are assumed in line with the Bank's risk bearing capacity and capability in order to generate yields, taking risk-return frontier into account. This aims to ensure that risks that could jeopardize the Bank's existence are avoided.

Quantitative Disclosures:

a) Capital Requirement for Credit Risk – Standardized Approach

Portfolios	Gross Exposure	Gross Exposure	Capital	Capital
	(₹ Mio)	(₹ Mio)	Requirement	Requirement
			(₹ Mio)	(₹ Mio)
	30.09.2022	30.06.2022	30.09.2022	30.06.2022
On Balance Sheet				
Cash & Balance with RBI	14,795.82	11,127.35	0.00	0.00
Inter Bank Deposits	1,510.22	364.54	65.23	14.66
Market repo(CROMS)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Investments (HTM)	42,915.97	42,978.23	0.00	0.90
Advances	1,74,683.25	1,61,421.36	5,781.65	5,498.79
Fixed Assets & Other Assets	19,982.87	34,063.51	657.03	696.00
Total	2,53,888.13	2,49,954.99	6,503.91	6,210.34
Off Balance Sheet				
Letter of Credit & Guarantees	10,235.43	11,445.27	407.55	426.45
Undrawn Credit	17,592.37	15,720.74	256.27	242.53
Commitments				
Forward Exchange Contracts	1,597.60	1,655.17	2.86	3.43
Total	29,425.41	28,821.18	666.68	672.40
Total On & Off Balance Sheet	2,83,313.53	278,776.17	7,170.59	6,882.75

b) Capital Requirement for Market Risk – Standardized Duration Approach

(₹ in Million)

Type of Market Risk	Gross Exposure	Gross Exposure	Capital Requirement	Capital Requirement
	30.09.2022	30.06.2022	30.09.2022	30.06.2022
Interest Rate Risk	14,292.64	27,946.32	302.26	432.86
Foreign Exchange Risk	110.00	110.00	9.90	9.90
Equity Risk	135.32	129.38	30.45	29.11
Total	14,537.96	28,185.70	342.60	471.87

c) Capital Requirement for Operational Risk – Basic Indicator Approach

(₹ in Million)

	As on 30.06.2022
Capital Requirement	1674.86
Equivalent Risk Weighted Assets	20935.77

d) Total Capital Requirement

(₹ in Million)

Type of Risk	Capital	Capital	Risk Weighted	Risk Weighted
	Requirement	Requirement	Assets	Assets
	30.09.2022	30.06.2022	30.09.2022	30.06.2022
Credit Risk	7,170.59	6,882.75	79,673.27	76,474.98
Market Risk	342.60	471.87	4,282.53	5,898.34
Operational Risk	1,674.86	1,674.86	20,935.77	20,935.77
Total	9,188.06	9,029.48	1,04,891.57	103,309.09
Total Net Tier 1 Capital		I	24,787.61	24,758.28
Tier 1 Capital Ratio			23.63%	23.97%
Tier 2 Capital Ratio			1.51%	1.50%
Total CRAR			25.14%	25.46%

4. Credit Risk: General Disclosure

Qualitative Disclosures

a) Definition of past due and impaired loans

Bank strictly adheres to RBI norms regarding definitions of past due and impaired loans, as under (in brief):

- i) Interest and or installment of principal remain overdue for a period of more than 90 days in respect of term loan accounts
- ii) the account remains 'out of order' (the outstanding balance remains continuously in excess of the sanctioned limit/drawing power, in cases where the outstanding balance in the principal operating account is less than the sanctioned limit/drawing power there are no credits

continuously for 90 days as on the date of Balance Sheet or credits are not enough to cover the interest debited during the same period) in respect of Overdraft/Cash credit accounts. In case of interest payments in respect of term loans, an account will be classified as NPA if the interest applied at specified rests remains overdue for more than 90 days.

- iii) The bill remains overdue for a period of more than 90 days in the case of bills purchased and discounted
- iv) The instalment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for two crop seasons for short duration crops.
- v) The instalment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for one crop season for long duration crops.

b) Credit Risk Management Policy

The bank has put in place a Credit Risk Management Policy which is reviewed periodically to bring in refinements triggered by evolving concepts and actual experience.

The Executive level committee - Credit Risk Management Committee (CRMC) which reports to Risk Management Committee (RMC) of the Board, is responsible for the management and mitigation of credit risk in the bank. Credit Risk Management Department at Head Office level acts as the secretariat of CRMC.

Credit approvals are subject to a well-established and time tested system of competencies, which act as a framework within which decision making committees are authorized to enter into lending transactions. Responsibility for the approval of loans is dependent on size, security and type of the loan.

Rating migration studies are conducted at quarterly intervals. The findings of the rating migration study brings light many behavioral patterns. Credit Risk Management Department conducts industry-wise evaluation to analyze the latest trends and developments in the industry, their impact on bank's customers, the desirability of taking further exposure, assessment of the quality of bank's exposure to that industry etc.

Credit rating system is in force using various CRA formats to measure the risk involved in each borrower account. All non-retail borrowers with an aggregate credit limit of above Rs. 25 lakhs, both funded and non-funded exposure taken together, excluding retail loans are subjected to borrower rating. Loans against Deposit Receipts, Housing Loans, Loans against NSC & Insurance policies, Gold loans, Retail loans and Staff loans are subjected to portfolio rating.

Operations in all credit exposures of \mathbb{R} 50 lakhs and above are monitored on a monthly basis by the Executive level committee – Large Advance committee to detect delinquency signals at an early date and nurse the account. To monitor the credit portfolio through various controlling returns, monthly operating statements (MOS) from branches to SME verticals of exposure of \mathbb{R} 50 lakhs up to \mathbb{R} 2 crores and an exposure of above \mathbb{R} 2 crores by Credit Monitoring department.

Both regulatory capital and economic capital requirements are assessed at the time of credit appraisal of corporate exposures. RAROC analysis is based on bank's Board approved Risk Adjusted Return On Capital (RAROC) policy.

Bank has subscribed CRISIL Quantix and Internal Risk Score for industry score which is utilized in the evaluation of credit risk proposals. Bank has also subscribed EWS software from CRISIL which should alert the bank about some external wrongdoings in the loan accounts which may turn out to be fraudulent. Bank is in the process of procuring RAM model from CRISIL to host rating models in a server. The platform creates centralised repository of rated borrowers with comprehensive information on the rationale of each of the rating awarded.

Quantitative Disclosures

a) Gross Credit Risk Exposure – Banking Book

(₹ in Million)

	Loans 30.09.2022	Loans 30.06.2022	Investments 30.09.2022	Investments 30.06.2022
Fund Based	1,74,683.25	161,421.36	42,915.97	42,978.23
Non-Fund Based	10,235.43	11,445.27	-	-
Total	1,84,918.68	172,866.64	42,915.97	42,978.23

b) Industry type distribution – Banking Book

Industry Name	Funded Exposure	Total Non Funded Exposure	Total Credit Exposure (Funded and Non-Funded)	Investment Exposure
(A)			(B)	(C)
A. Mining and Quarrying	69.93	3.37	73.30	0.00
A.1 Coal	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
A.2 Others	69.93	3.37	73.30	0.00
B. Food Processing	4113.52	1617.60	5731.13	0.34
B.1 Sugar	0.93	0.00	0.93	0.00
B.2 Edible Oils and Vanaspati	836.08	1415.00	2251.08	0.00
B.3 Tea	33.62	0.00	33.62	0.00
B.4 Coffee	1.73	0.00	1.73	0.00
B.5 Others	3241.17	202.60	3443.77	0.34
C. Beverages (excluding Tea &				
Coffee) and Tobacco	171.17	0.22	171.39	0.00
C.1 Tobacco and tobacco				
products	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
C.2 Others	171.17	0.22	171.39	0.00
D. Textiles	7573.69	1070.50	8644.19	250.00
D.1 Cotton	5658.31	941.36	6599.67	0.00
D.2 Jute	9.13	0.00	9.13	0.00
D.3 Man-made	9.74	0.00	9.74	0.00
D.4 Others	1896.51	129.14	2025.65	250.00
Out of D (i.e., Total Textiles) to				
Spinning Mills	5684.50	1001.37	6685.87	0.00

E. Leather and Leather products	312.61	5.83	318.44	0.00
F. Wood and Wood Products	210.70	13.20	223.90	0.00
G. Paper and Paper Products	424.21	0.00	424.21	0.00
H. Petroleum (non-infra), Coal	727.21	0.00	727.21	0.00
Products (non-mining) and				
Nuclear Fuels	0.00	0.00	0.00	1002.50
I. Chemicals and Chemical	0.00	0.00	0.00	1002.00
Products (Dyes, Paints, etc.)	825.77	764.64	1590.42	0.00
I.1 Fertilizers	14.45	0.00	14.45	0.00
I.2 Drugs and Pharmaceuticals	161.86	759.70	921.55	0.00
I.3 Petro-chemicals (excluding				
under Infrastructure)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
I.4 Others	649.47	4.94	654.41	0.00
J. Rubber, Plastic and their				
Products	143.92	92.68	236.59	0.00
K. Glass & Glassware	6.68	0.00	6.68	0.00
L. Cement and Cement				
Products	81.16	0.00	81.16	0.00
M. Basic Metal and Metal				
Products	503.92	10.53	514.45	0.00
M.1 Iron and Steel	47.82	0.11	47.93	0.00
M.2 Other Metal and Metal				
Products	456.10	10.42	466.52	0.00
N. All Engineering	1067.23	201.91	1269.13	0.00
N.1 Electronics	8.06	7.22	15.27	0.00
N.2 Others	1059.17	194.69	1253.86	0.00
O. Vehicles, Vehicle Parts and				
Transport Equipments	917.26	0.24	917.49	0.00
P. Gems and Jewellery	318.36	0.10	318.46	0.00
Q. Construction	2722.39	4302.84	7025.23	0.00
R. Infrastructure	3417.32	3287.26	6704.58	18.21
R.a Transport (a.1 to a.6)	2163.95	1149.21	3313.17	0.00
R.a.1 Roads and Bridges	2163.95	1149.21	3313.17	0.00
R.a.2 Ports	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.a.3 Inland Waterways	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.a.4 Airport	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.a.5 Railway Track, tunnels,				
viaducts, bridges	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.a.6 Urban Public Transport				
(except rolling stock in case of				
urban road transport)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.b. Energy (b.1 to b.6)	614.47	106.96	721.43	0.00
R.b.1 Electricity Generation	614.47	106.96	721.43	0.00
R.b.1.1 Central Govt PSUs	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.b.1.2 State Govt PSUs (incl.				
SEBs) R.b.1.3 Private Sector	83.76 530.71	0.00 106.96	83.76 637.67	0.00

R.b.2 Electricity Transmission	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.b.2.1 Central Govt PSUs	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.b.2.2 State Govt PSUs (incl.				
SEBs)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.b.2.3 Private Sector	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.b.3 Electricity Distribution	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.b.3.1 Central Govt PSUs	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.b.3.2 State Govt PSUs (incl.				
SEBs)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.b.3.3 Private Sector	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.b.4 Oil pipelines	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.b.5 Oil/Gas/Liquefied Natural				
Gas (LNG) storage facility	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.b.6 Gas pipelines	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.c. Water and Sanitation (c.1				
to c.7)	499.10	2029.09	2528.19	0.00
R.c.1 Solid Waste Management	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.c.2 Water supply pipelines	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.c.3 Water treatment plants	0.03	0.00	0.03	0.00
R.c.4 Sewage collection,	0.00			
treatment and disposal system	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.c.5 Irrigation (dams,				
channels, embankments etc)	499.07	2029.09	2528.16	0.00
R.c.6 Storm Water Drainage				
System	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.c.7 Slurry Pipelines	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.d. Communication (d.1 to				
d.3)	139.80	2.00	141.80	0.00
R.d.1 Telecommunication				
(Fixed network)	139.80	2.00	141.80	0.00
R.d.2 Telecommunication	200.00			
towers	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.d.3 Telecommunication and	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Telecom Services	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.e. Social and Commercial	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Infrastructure (e.1 to e.9)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.e.1 Education Institutions	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
(capital stock)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.e.2 Hospitals (capital stock)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.e.3 Three-star or higher	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
category classified hotels				
located outside cities with				
population of more than 1				
million	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R e 4 Common infrastructure				
R.e.4 Common infrastructure				
R.e.4 Common infrastructure for industrial parks, SEZ, tourism facilities and				

R.e.5 Fertilizer (Capital				
investment)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.e.6 Post harvest storage				
infrastructure for agriculture				
and horticultural produce				
including cold storage	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.e.7 Terminal markets	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.e.8 Soil-testing laboratories	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
R.e.9 Cold Chain	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
S. Other Industries, pl. specify	339.37	7.41	346.78	0.00
OTHERS	339.37	7.41	346.78	0.00
All Industries (A to S)	23219.21	11378.32	34597.53	1271.04

c) Residual Contractual Maturity breakdown of Assets as on 30.09.2022

(₹ in Million)

	Cash &balance with RBI	Balance with Banks and money at call and short notice	Advances	Investments	Fixed assets and other assets
Next Day	2364.30	533.13	427.07	12435.51	0.00
2-7 days	3633.27	976.14	3483.50	7734.66	142.49
8-14 days	280.86	0.00	3068.15	306.31	0.14
15-30 days	187.07	0.00	8809.08	205.06	6.55
31days-<2M	293.30	0.00	14420.53	428.04	118.31
2M<3M	283.96	0.00	13550.59	602.68	167.99
3M-<6M	1093.05	0.00	37937.26	1285.54	227.92
6M-<1Y	2065.72	0.00	21267.43	4032.05	102.86
1-<3Y	4142.45	0.70	47705.47	13248.02	848.32
3-<5 Y	379.04	0.00	10923.24	404.97	508.80
> 5 Yr	72.81	0.25	13090.92	16661.10	6979.16
Total	14795.82	1510.22	174683.25	57343.93	9102.53

c) Disclosures regarding Non-Performing Assets

	As on	As on
	30.09.2022	30.06.2022
Amount of NPAs (Gross)		
Substandard	888.94	850.02
Doubtful 1	1,009.76	1,086.62
Doubtful 2	426.52	405.65
Doubtful 3	527.50	529.67
Loss	57.71	58.12
Total Gross NPAs	2,910.43	2,930.09

Net NPAs	988.60	967.55
NPA Ratios		
Gross NPAs to Gross Advances	1.65%	1.79%
Net NPAs to Net Advances	0.57%	0.60%
Movement of provisions for NPAs		
Opening balance (01.04.2021)	1,783.32	1,783.32
Provisions made during the period	426.37	282.83
Write-off	0.00	0.00
Write back of excess provisions	328.37	145.92
Closing balance	1,881.33	1,920.24
Write-offs that have been booked directly to the income statement	138.78	35.12
Recoveries that have been booked directly to the income statement	310.08	165.65

Major Industry breakup of NPA

		30.09.2022		30.06.2022	
Industry		Gross NPA	Specific Provision	Gross NPA	Specific Provision
	NPA in top 5 Industries	505.16	304.82	496.24	274.31

	30.09.2022		30.09.2022 30.0		6.2022
				Specific	
Geography	Gross NPA Specific Provision		Gross NPA	Provision	
Domestic	2910.43	1881.33	2,930.09	1,920.24	
Overseas	0	0	0	0	

₹ in million	30.09.2022	30.06.2022
Amount of Non-Performing Investments	18.60	18.60
Amount of provisions held for non-performing	18.60	18.60
investments		

Movement of provisions for depreciation on Investments	For the period ended 30.09.2022	For the period ended 30.06.2022	
Opening balance (01-04-2022)	1304.54	1304.54	
Provisions made during the period	194.3	18.30	
Write-off & Write back of excess provisions/diminution	68.03	65.25	
Closing balance	1430.81	1257.59	

5.Credit Risk: Disclosures for portfolios subject to standardized approach Qualitative Disclosures

In accordance with RBI guidelines, the bank has adopted standardized approach for computation of capital for credit risk.

Bank Loan Ratings of CRISIL, CARE, ICRA, ACUITE (SMERA), BRICKWORK, INFOMERICS and India Ratings are considered for arriving at the capital requirement.

Bank extends external rating of other issues of the borrower to unrated claims only when the issue specific rating maps to Risk Weight higher than that of the unrated exposure

Quantitative Disclosures

Risk weight wise classification of exposures

	Gross Credit	Gross Credit	Capital	Capital	Exposure	Exposure
	Exposure	Exposure	Deductions	Deductions	after Capital	after Capital
					Deductions	Deductions
	(A)	(A)	(B)	(B)	(C) = (A) -	(C) = (A) -
					(B)	(B)
	30.09.2022	30.06.2022	30.09.2022	30.06.2022	30.09.2022	30.06.2022
Advances, Letter of						
Credit &						
Guarantees						
Below 100% risk	1,36,955.04	1,25,934.63	0.00	0.00	1,36,955.04	1,25,934.63
weight						
100% risk weight	41,363.47	39,438.45	0.00	0.00	41,363.47	39,438.45
More than 100%	6,600.17	7,493.55	0.00	0.00	6,600.17	7,493.55
risk weight						
Total	1,84,918.68	1,72,866.64	0.00	0.00	1,84,918.68	1,72,866.64
Investments						
Below 100% risk	42,915.97	42,978.23	0.00	0.00	42,915.97	42,978.23
weight						
100% risk weight			0.00	0.00		
More than 100%	-		0.00	0.00	-	
risk weight						
Total	42,915.97	42,978.23	0.00	0.00	42,915.97	42,978.23

6.Credit Risk Mitigation: Disclosures for standardized approachesQualitative Disclosures

A Credit Risk Mitigation and Collateral Management Policy, addressing the Bank's approach towards the credit risk mitigants used for capital calculation is in place.

Following items are considered for on and off balance sheet netting:

- a) Deposits with specific lien to the facility
- b) Subsidies received (for priority sector advances)
- c) Claims received (for NPA accounts)

Of the eligible financial collaterals, the types of collateral taken by the bank are gold ornaments and bank's own deposit receipts. Gold ornaments are accepted as collateral by branches after due scrutiny and are marked to market value on a daily basis. Bank has made an assessment of market liquidity risk involved in liquidating gold ornaments and is considering a holding period of 21 days for advance against pledge of gold ornaments. In Pillar 1 capital adequacy computations, bank considers a haircut of 22% (after scaling up the standard supervisory haircut of 15% to a 21 day holding period). In addition to this, bank is maintaining extra capital for its gold loan portfolio in Pillar 2 capital computations.

The types of guarantees recognized for credit risk mitigation are guarantee by central government, state government, ECGC and banks (in the form of bills purchased/discounted under Letter of credit).

Collaterals other than financial collaterals that secure the credit portfolio of the bank are land & building, plant & machinery and current assets of the counter party. Land and Building includes commercial building, residential property and vacant land.

Quantitative Disclosures

a) Exposures Covered by Eligible Financial Collateral (After Haircuts)

(₹ in Million)

	30.09.2022	30.06.2022
Corporate	2,285.69	1,574.78
Regulatory Retail	74,349.27	67,163.91
Personal Loans	8,471.12	7,975.22
Total	85,106.09	76,713.91

b) Exposures Covered by Guarantee

Covered by Guarantee	30.09.2022	30.06.2022
Corporate	435.50	546.75
Regulatory Retail	2,486.13	2,027.96
Total	2,921.63	2,574.71

6. Securitization

No exposure of the bank has been securitized.

7. Market Risk in the Trading Book

Qualitative Exposures

- (1) The Bank follows Standardized Duration Method for computing capital requirement for Market Risk.
- (2) Market Risk Management Department (MRMD) is functioning as a part of Integrated Risk Management Department of the Bank, in terms of Governance structure approved by the Board of the Bank.
- (3) MRMD is responsible for identification, assessment, monitoring and reporting of market risk associated with Treasury Operations.
- (4) The following Board approved policies with defined Market Risk Management parameters for each asset class are in place:
- (a) Market Risk Management Policy comprising various Market Risk Limits
- (b) Investment Policy
- (c) Forex Policy
- (d) Stress Test Policy
- (5) Risk monitoring is an ongoing process and risk positions are analyzed and reported to Top Management of the Bank, ALCO and Risk Management Committee of the Board.
- (6) Risk management and reporting is based on parameters such as Modified Duration, PV01, Maximum permissible exposures, Value at Risk Limits, Limits on various investment categories, Risk appetite limits in line with best banking practices.
- (7) Forex Open position limit (Daylight/Overnight), Stop Loss Limit, Aggregate Gap Limit (AGL) and Individual Gap Limit (IGL) as approved by the Board is monitored and exceptions, if any, are reported to Top Management of the Bank, ALCO and Risk Management Committee of the Board.
- (8) Value at Risk (VaR) is computed on a daily basis. Stress Testing is carried out at quarterly intervals as a complement to Value at Risk. Back Testing entails a formal testing and accounting of exceptions on a quarterly basis. Results are reported to ALCO and Risk Management Committee of the Board.
- (9). Stop Loss limit / Take profit limits as prescribed in Investment Policy are also adopted in Market Risk Management Policy for monitoring purposes for individual investments and exposure limits for certain portfolios have been prescribed.

Quantitative Disclosures

Capital Requirement for Market Risk

(₹ in Million)

Type of Market Risk	Gross Exposure	Gross Exposure	Capital	Capital
			Requirement	Requirement
	30.09.2022	30.06.2022	30.09.2022	30.06.2022
Interest Rate Risk	14,292.64	27,946.32	302.26	432.86
Foreign Exchange Risk	110.00	110.00	9.90	9.90
Equity Risk	135.32	129.38	30.45	29.11
Total	14,537.96	28,185.70	342.60	471.87

8. Operational Risk

Qualitative Disclosures

The Executive level committee - Operational Risk Management Committee (ORMC) which reports to Risk Management Committee (RMC) of the Board, is responsible for the management and mitigation of operational risk in the bank. The bank has framed Operational Risk Management Policy duly approved by the Board. Other policies approved by the board that deal with the different facets of operational risk are Inspection Policy, Human Resource Management Policy, IT Policy, Compliance Policy, Business Continuity & Disaster Recovery Plan and Outsourcing policy.

Bank has obtained Bankers' Indemnity Policy to cover the risk of cash in transit and cash and securities including gold ornaments kept at branches. Risk Based Internal Audit (RBIA) is operational at all the branches.

Bank is adopting Basic Indicator Approach for arriving at capital charge for operational risk in compliance with RBI guidelines and is in the process of building database for moving to Advanced Approaches.

Cyber Risk: Cyber Risk can be defined as the risk connected to online business activity such as Internet Banking, Mobile Banking, Electronic Systems and storage of sensitive Information over computer networks. Common categories of Cyber Risk include inter-alia, Hacker Attacks, Data Breach, Virus / Malware transmission and Cyber Extortion. Financial gain continues to be a primary driver of the most sophisticated criminal offences and presents evolving challenges as criminal networks reinvest the revenue they generate into developing more advanced capabilities.

Cyber Risk can drive up costs and impact revenue. It can harm an organisation's ability to innovate and to gain and maintain customers. Cyber risk pose commercial losses and public relations problems, disruption of operations and the possibility of extortion, cyber- attacks. It also exposes an organisation to negligence claims, the inability to meet contractual obligations and a damaging loss of trust among customers. Protecting key information assets is of critical importance to the sustainability and competitiveness of business today due to which financial institutions like us are taking front foot in terms of their cyber preparedness. Because of this and to safeguard our institution from cyber threats, the bank has set up the cybersecurity framework.

Cyber Security Framework: Cybersecurity risks are products of three elements: threat, vulnerability and impact. The Bank has the holistic risk picture based on periodic vulnerability assessment and threat intelligence from advisory bodies such as CERT-In (Indian Computer Emergency Response Team) and IB-CART (Indian Banks – Centre for Analysis of Risks and Threats). The Bank has also invested in advanced systems such as antivirus / anti-malware, threat protection, network firewalls and application firewalls. It continues to invest in enhancing the overall effectiveness of the Bank's security posture to enable the Bank to prioritise and align its resources to detect and respond to cyber incidents quickly and prevent emerging cybersecurity risks.

Information Security Management department headed by Chief Information Security Officer (CISO) was formed to address cybersecurity risks. As part of the cybersecurity framework, proactive security measures adopted by the bank are Managed Security Operations Centre, advanced anti-phishing, anti-malware and anti-rogue services, Privileged Identity Management Solution, Web Application Firewall, Intrusion Detection and Prevention System for protecting network-level threats and for preventing unwanted and malicious network transmissions, Network Access Control which will allow only authorised users to connect to banks network, Data Leakage Prevention solution to prevent data leakage, DDoS mitigation service to prevent Denial of services, DMARC &SPF protection to enhance the email security standards, Vulnerability Assessment and Penetration Testing, SSL encryption for data transfers, network firewall etc., Bank is continuing to invest on advanced technologies to enhance the systems. To evaluate banks preparedness against cyber-attacks, bank participates in the cyber-drill conducted by IDRBT. Bank has always taken continuous steps to create cybersecurity awareness among employees and customers through training/Newsletter/SMS/Emails.

9. Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book

Qualitative Disclosures

Interest rate risk refers to impact on Bank's Net Interest Income and the value of its assets and liabilities arising from fluctuations in interest rate due to internal and external factors. The interest rate risk is viewed from two perspectives viz. 'earnings perspective' and 'economic value perspective'.

Earnings perspective - The short term impact of changes in interest rates on bank's earnings in relation to changes in its Net Interest Income (NII).

Economic Value Perspective - The long term effect of interest rate risk is measured by gauging Market Value of Equity. Impact of changes in interest rates alters the economic value of bank's assets, liabilities and off- balance sheet positions. Consequently the net worth gets corrected and is referred to as Market Value of Equity (MVE).

Internal factors include the composition of the Bank's assets and liabilities, quality, maturity/duration, existing rates and re-pricing period of deposits, borrowings, loans and investments. External factors cover general economic conditions.

Structure and organization

The Asset-Liability Management Committee (ALCO) is responsible for evolving appropriate systems and procedures for ongoing identification and analysis of Balance Sheet risks and laying down parameters for efficient management of these risks through ALM Policy of the Bank.

ALCO, therefore, periodically monitors and controls the risks and returns, funding and deployment, setting Bank's lending and deposit rates, and directs the investment activities of the bank in line with its interest rate view. The Risk Management Committee of the Board of Directors (RMCB) oversees the implementation of the system for ALM and reviews its functioning periodically and provides direction. It reviews various decisions taken by ALCO for managing interest rate risk.

Scope and nature of risk reporting and measurement systems -

RBI has stipulated monitoring of Interest Rate Risk at monthly intervals through a Statement of Interest Rate Sensitivity under Traditional Gap Analysis (IRS-TGA). Earnings at Risk (EaR) measures the change in Net Interest Income of the Bank due to parallel change in interest rate on both the assets & liabilities.

RBI has also stipulated to estimate the impact of change in interest rates on economic value of Bank's assets and liabilities through Interest Rate Sensitivity under Duration Gap Analysis (IRS-DGA), and is the same is carried out monthly. The impact of interest rate changes on the Market Value of Equity (MVE) is monitored through IRS-DGA by recognizing the changes in the value of assets and liabilities for a given change in the market interest rate. The change in value of equity (including reserves) with 2% parallel shift in interest rates on both assets and liabilities are estimated. Accordingly, ALCO reviews IRS-TGA and IRS – DGA on a monthly basis and monitors the Earnings at Risk and Market Value of Equity.

Key Assumptions for IRRB calculations:

- a) Bulk of the advance portfolio to re-price within 12 months.
- b) Maturity of term deposits considered after adjusting empirically observed premature closure rates.

- c) Savings Bank Deposits portfolio is distributed in buckets less than 5 years as per maturity pattern arrived basis on behavioural analysis.
- d) Current Deposits portfolio is distributed in buckets less than 5 years as per maturity pattern arrived from behavioural analysis in duration gap approach
- e) In the case of EaR approach, Current Deposits are treated as non-sensitive

Quantitative Disclosures

Interest Rate Risk – Earnings Perspective

(₹ in Million)

1 Year Change in Market Rates (Parallel Shift)	Impact as on 30.09.2022	Impact as on 30.06.2022
+200 basis points	1335.26	1270.87
-200 basis points	-1335.26	-1270.87

Interest Rate Risk – Economic Value Perspective

(₹in Million)

1 Year Change in Market Rates (Parallel Shift)	Impact as on 30.09.2022	Impact as on 30.06.2022
+200 basis points	395.58	60.15
-200 basis points	-395.58	-60.15

10. Counterparty Credit Risk

Counterparty Credit Risk (CCR) is the risk that the counterparty to a transaction could default before final settlement of the transaction's cash flows. An economic loss would occur if the transaction or portfolio of transactions with the counterparty has a positive economic value for the Bank at the time of default. Unlike exposure to credit risk through a loan, where the exposure to credit risk is unilateral and only the lending bank faces the risk of loss, CCR creates a bilateral risk of loss whereby the market value for many different types of transactions can be positive or negative to either counterparty. The market value is uncertain and can vary over time with the movement in underlying market factors.

Capital is maintained on the exposure to CCR as per regulatory guidelines on Capital adequacy computation. Capital for Counterparty Credit Risk is assessed based on the Standardized Approach. The exposure is calculated using Current Exposure Method.

The MTM on client exposures are monitored periodically. The Bank does not recognize bilateral netting for capital computation.

(₹in Million)

	Notional	Credit	Notional	Credit
	Amount	Equivalent	Amount	Equivalent
	30.09.2022	30.09.2022	30.06.2022	30.06.2022
Forward Exchange Contracts	4675.87	126.83	5207.21	125.98

Leverage Ratio frame work

Definition and minimum requirement

The Basel III leverage ratio is defined as the capital measure (the numerator) divided by the exposure measure (the denominator), with this ratio expressed as a percentage

Leverage Ratio =Capital Measure/ Exposure Measure

The public disclosure requirements of leverage ratio will begin from January 1, 2015 and the Basel Committee will monitor the impact of these disclosure requirements. Accordingly, banks operating in India are required to make disclosure of the leverage ratio and its components from April 1, 2015 on a quarterly basis and according to the disclosure templates as indicated in paragraph 16.7 along with Pillar 3 disclosures.

Table 1- Summary comparison of accounting assets Vs. leverage ratio exposure method

	Item	(Rs. in Million)
1	Total consolidated assets as per published financial statements	257435.75
2	Adjustment for investments in banking, financial, insurance or commercial entities that are consolidated for accounting purposes but outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	
3	Adjustment for fiduciary assets recognised on the balance sheet pursuant to the operative accounting framework but excluded from the leverage ratio exposure measure	
4	Adjustments for derivative financial instruments	
5	Adjustment for securities financing transactions (i.e. repos and similar secured lending)	
6	Adjustment for off-balance sheet items (i.e. conversion to credit equivalent amounts of off- balance sheet exposures) Other adjustments	11685.87

Table 2 – Leverage ratio common disclosure template

	Table 2 – Leverage ratio common disclosure template	
	Item	Leverage ratio framework
	On-balance sheet exposures	
1	On-balance sheet items (excluding derivatives and SFTs, but including collateral)	257435.75
2	(Asset amounts deducted in determining Basel III Tier 1 capital)	
3	Total on-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives and SFTs) (sum of lines 1 and 2)	257435.75
	Derivative exposures	
4	Replacement cost associated with all derivatives transactions (i.e. net of eligible cash variation margin)	33.31
5	Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivatives transactions	93.52
6	Gross-up for derivatives collateral provided where deducted from the balance sheet assets pursuant to the operative accounting framework	
7	(Deductions of receivables assets for cash variation margin provided in derivatives transactions)	
8	(Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures)	
9	Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit derivatives	
10	(Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written credit derivatives)	
11	Total derivative exposures (sum of lines 4 to 10)	126.83
	Securities financing transaction exposure	es
12	Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions	
13	(Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross SFT assets)	
14	CCR exposure for SFT assets	
15	Agent transaction exposures	
16	Total securities financing transaction exposures (sum of lines 12 to 15)	
	Other off-balance sheet exposures	
17	Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount	11559.04
18	(Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)	
19	Off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and 18)	11559.04
	Capital and total exposures	
20	Tier 1 capital	24787.61
21	Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16 and 19)	269121.62
22	Leverage ratio	9.21%
22	Basel III leverage ratio	9.21%

Basel III common disclosure template to be used during the transition of regulatory adjustments (i.e. from April 1, 2013 to December 31, 2017)

	adjustments (i.e. from April 1, 2013 to Decem	501 01, 2017		
			Amounts Subject to Pre-Basel III	
			Treatment	Ref No
	Common Equity Tier 1 Capital: Instruments a reserves	nd		
1	Directly issued qualifying common share capital plus related stock surplus (share premium)	19813.88		a1+a2
2	Retained earnings	4606.04		b1+b2+b3+b4+b6+b7a
3	Accumulated other comprehensive income (and other reserves)	686.78		c1
4	Directly issued capital subject to phase out from CET1 (only applicable to non-joint stock companies)			
5	Common share capital issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group CET1)			
6	Common Equity Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	25106.70		
	Common Equity Tier 1 Capital: regulatory ad			
7	Prudential valuation adjustments	dotinonto		
8	Goodwill (net of related tax liability)			
9	Intangibles	319.09		e1-e2
10	Deferred tax assets	0.00		e2
11	Cash-flow hedge reserve	0.00		<u> </u>
12	Shortfall of provisions to expected losses			
13	Securitisation gain on sale			
14	Gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities			
15	Defined-benefit pension fund net assets	0.00		
16	Investments in own shares (if not already netted off paid-in capital on reported balance sheet)			
17	Reciprocal cross-holdings in common equity			
18	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	0.00		

Significant investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions (amount above 10% threshold)			
Mortgage servicing rights4 (amount above 10% threshold)			
Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences5 (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability)			
Amount exceeding the 15% threshold			
of which: significant investments in the common stock of financial entities			
of which: mortgage servicing rights			
of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences			
National specific regulatory adjustments7 (26a+26b+26c+26d)			
of which: Investments in the equity capital of the unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries			
of which: Investments in the equity capital of unconsolidated non-financial subsidiaries			
of which: Shortfall in the equity capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank			
of which: Unamortised pension funds expenditures			
Regulatory Adjustments Applied to Common Equity Tier 1 in respect of Amounts Subject to Pre-Basel III Treatment			
of which: [INSERT TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT]			
Regulatory adjustments applied to Common Equity Tier 1 due to insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions			
Total regulatory adjustments to Common equity Tier 1	319.09		
Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET1)	24787.61		
Additional Tier 1 capital: Instruments			
Directly issued qualifying Additional Tier 1			
of which: classified as equity under applicable			
accounting standards (Perpetual Non- Cumulative Preference Shares)			
of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual debt Instruments)			
	banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions (amount above 10% threshold) Mortgage servicing rights4 (amount above 10% threshold) Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences5 (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability) Amount exceeding the 15% threshold of which: significant investments in the common stock of financial entities of which: mortgage servicing rights of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences National specific regulatory adjustments7 (26a+26b+26c+26d) of which: Investments in the equity capital of the unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries of which: Investments in the equity capital of unconsolidated non-financial subsidiaries of which: Shortfall in the equity capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank of which: Unamortised pension funds expenditures Regulatory Adjustments Applied to Common Equity Tier 1 in respect of Amounts Subject to Pre-Basel III Treatment of which: [INSERT TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT] Regulatory adjustments applied to Common Equity Tier 1 due to insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions Total regulatory adjustments to Common equity Tier 1 cover deductions Directly issued qualifying Additional Tier 1 common Equity Tier 1 capital: Instruments Directly issued qualifying Additional Tier 1 instruments plus related stock surplus (31+32) of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares) of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual	banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions (amount above 10% threshold) Mortgage servicing rights4 (amount above 10% threshold) Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences5 (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability) Amount exceeding the 15% threshold of which: significant investments in the common stock of financial entities of which: mortgage servicing rights of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences National specific regulatory adjustments7 (26a+26b+26c+26d) of which: Investments in the equity capital of the unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries of which: Investments in the equity capital of unconsolidated non-financial subsidiaries of which: Shortfall in the equity capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank of which: Unamortised pension funds expenditures Regulatory Adjustments Applied to Common Equity Tier 1 in respect of Amounts Subject to Pre-Basel III Treatment of which: [INSERT TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT] Regulatory adjustments applied to Common Equity Tier 1 due to insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions Total regulatory adjustments to Common equity Tier 1 capital: Instruments Directly issued qualifying Additional Tier 1 instruments plus related stock surplus (31+32) of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares) of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual	banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions (amount above 10% threshold) Mortgage servicing rights4 (amount above 10% threshold) Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences5 (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability) Amount exceeding the 15% threshold of which: significant investments in the common stock of financial entities of which: mortgage servicing rights of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences National specific regulatory adjustments7 (26a+26b+26c+26d) of which: Investments in the equity capital of the unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries of which: Investments in the equity capital of unconsolidated non-financial subsidiaries of which: Investments in the equity capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank of which: Unamortised pension funds expenditures Regulatory Adjustments Applied to Common Equity Tier 1 in respect of Amounts Subject to Pre-Basel III Treatment of which: [INSERT TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT] Regulatory adjustments applied to Common Equity Tier 1 due to insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions Total regulatory adjustments to Common equity Tier 1 capital: Instruments Directly issued qualifying Additional Tier 1 instruments plus related stock surplus (31+32) of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares) of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual

1		1	Ī	I
	33	Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase out from Additional Tier 1		
	34	Additional Tier 1 instruments (and CET1 instruments not included in row 5) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT1)		
	35	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out		
	36	Additional Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	0	
		Additional Tier 1 capital:Regulatory Adjustme	ents	
	37	Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments	0	
	38	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Additional Tier 1 instruments		
	39	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above 10% threshold)		
	40	Significant investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)		
	41	National specific regulatory adjustments (41a+41b)		
41a		Investments in the Additional Tier 1 capital of unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries		
41b		Shortfall in the Additional Tier 1 capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank		
		Regulatory Adjustments Applied to Additional Tier 1 in respect of Amounts Subject to Pre- Basel III Treatment		
	42	Regulatory adjustments applied to Additional Tier 1 due to insufficient Tier 2 to cover deductions		
	43	Total regulatory adjustments to Additional Tier 1 capital		
	44	Additional Tier 1 capital (AT1)		
44a	-	Additional Tier 1 capital reckoned for capital adequacy		
	45	Tier 1 capital (T1 = CET1 + AT1) (29 + 44a)	24787.61	
		Tier 2 capital: Instruments & Provisions		
	46	Directly issued qualifying Tier 2 instruments plus related stock surplus		

	Directly issued capital instruments subject to		
47	phase out from Tier 2	0.00	d
	Tier 2 instruments (and CET1 and AT1		
	instruments not included in rows 5 or 34)		
40	issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties		
48	(amount allowed in group Tier 2)		
49	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out		
50	Provisions	1586.69	c1+c3+c4
	Trovisions	1000.00	01100101
51	Tier 2 capital before regulatory adjustments	1586.69	
	Tier 2 capital:Regulatory Adjustments		
52	Investments in own Tier 2 instruments		
53	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 instruments	0.00	
	Investments in the conital of hanking financial		
	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the		
	scope of regulatory consolidation, net of		
	eligible short positions, where the bank does		
	not own more than 10% of the issued common		
	share capital of the entity (amount above the		
54	10% threshold)		
	Significant investments in the capital banking,		
	financial and insurance entities that are		
55	outside the scope of regulatory consolidation		
55	(net of eligible short positions)		
56	National specific regulatory adjustments (56a+56b)		
	of which: Investments in the Tier 2 capital of		
56a	unconsolidated subsidiaries		
	of which: Shortfall in the Tier 2 capital of		
50 1	majority owned financial entities which have		
56b	not been consolidated with the bank		
	Regulatory Adjustments Applied To Tier 2 in		
	respect of Amounts Subject to Pre-Basel III Treatment		
	of which: [INSERT TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT e.g. existing adjustments which are deducted		
	from Tier 2 at 50%]		
	= 5 5 7		
	of which: [INSERT TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT		
57	Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital	0.00	
58	Tier 2 capital (T2)	1586.69	
58a	Tier 2 capital reckoned for capital adequacy	1586.69	
	Excess Additional Tier 1 capital reckoned as		
58b	Tier 2 capital	0	
	Total Tier 2 capital admissible for capital		
58c	adequacy (58a + 58b)	1586.69	
59	Total capital (TC = T1 + T2) (45 + 58c)	26374.30	
	Risk Weighted Assets in respect of Amounts		
	Subject to Pre-Basel III Treatment		

of which: [INSERT TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT]		
of which:		
Total risk weighted assets (60a + 60b + 60c)	104891.57	
of which: total credit risk weighted assets	79673.27	
of which: total market risk weighted assets	4282.53	
of which: total operational risk weighted assets	20935.77	
Capital ratios		
Common Equity Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	23.63%	
Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	23.63%	
Total capital (as a percentage of risk weighted	05.4.40/	
assets)	25.14%	
Institution specific buffer requirement (minimum CET1 requirement plus capital conservation and countercyclical buffer requirements, expressed as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	8.00%	
of which: capital conservation buffer requirement	2.50%	
of which: bank specific countercyclical buffer requirement	0	
· ·	0	
Common Equity Tier 1 available to meet buffers (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	17.14%	
Capital ratios		
National Common Equity Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	5.50%	
National Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	7.00%	
National total capital minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	9.00%	
Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (before risk weighting)		
Non-significant investments in the capital of other financial entities		
Significant investments in the common stock of financial entities		
Mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax liability)		
Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)		
Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2		
Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to standardised approach (prior to application of cap)	0.00	c3+c4
Cap on inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under standardised approach	1311.14	
	of which: Total risk weighted assets (60a + 60b + 60c) of which: total credit risk weighted assets of which: total market risk weighted assets of which: total operational risk weighted assets Capital ratios Common Equity Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets) Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets) Total capital (as a percentage of risk weighted assets) Institution specific buffer requirement (minimum CET1 requirement plus capital conservation and countercyclical buffer requirements, expressed as a percentage of risk weighted assets) of which: capital conservation buffer requirement of which: bank specific countercyclical buffer requirement of which: G-SIB buffer requirement Common Equity Tier 1 available to meet buffers (as a percentage of risk weighted assets) Capital ratios National Common Equity Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum) National Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum) National total capital minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum) National total capital minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum) National total capital minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum) National total capital minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum) Non-significant investments in the capital of other financial entities Significant investments in the common stock of financial entities Mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax liability) Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability) Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to standardised approach (prior to application of cap) Cap on inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under	of which: Total risk weighted assets (60a + 60b + 60c) of which: total credit risk weighted assets of which: total market risk weighted assets of which: total market risk weighted assets of which: total market risk weighted assets of which: total operational risk weighted assets Common Equity Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets) Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets) Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets) Total capital (as a percentage of risk weighted assets) Total capital (as a percentage of risk weighted assets) Institution specific buffer requirement (minimum CET1 requirement plus capital conservation and countercyclical buffer requirements, expressed as a percentage of risk weighted assets) of which: capital conservation buffer requirement of which: bank specific countercyclical buffer requirement of which: G-SIB buffer requirement Common Equity Tier 1 available to meet buffers (as a percentage of risk weighted assets) Capital ratios National Common Equity Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum) National Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum) Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (before risk weighting) Non-significant investments in the capital of other financial entities Significant investments in the common stock of financial entities Mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax liability) Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability) Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to standardised approach (prior to application of cap) 0.00 Cap on inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under

78	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to internal ratings-based approach (prior to application of cap)		
79	Cap for inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under internal ratings-based approach		
	Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements (only applicable between March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2022)		
80	Current cap on CET1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements		
81	Amount excluded from CET1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)		
82	Current cap on AT1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements		
83	Amount excluded from AT1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)		
84	Current cap on T2 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	0.00	
85	Amount excluded from T2 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	0	

Notes

110103		
Row No. of the template	Particular	(Rs. in million)
10	Deferred tax assets associated with accumulated losses	0
	Deferred tax assets (excluding those associated with accumulated losses) net of Deferred tax liability	0.00
	Total as indicated in row 10	0.00
19	If investments in insurance subsidiaries are not deducted fully from capital and instead considered under 10% threshold for deduction, the resultant increase in the capital of bank of which: Increase in Common Equity Tier 1	NA
	capital	
	of which: Increase in Additional Tier 1 capital	
	of which: Increase in Tier 2 capital	
26b	If investments in the equity capital of unconsolidated non-financial subsidiaries are not deducted and hence, risk weighted then: (i) Increase in Common Equity Tier 1 capital	NA
	(ii) Increase in risk weighted assets	

44a		Excess Additional Tier 1 capital not reckoned for capital adequacy (difference between Additional Tier 1 capital as reported in row 44 and admissible Additional Tier 1 capital as reported in 44a)	NA
		of which: Excess Additional Tier 1 capital which is considered as Tier 2 capital under row 58b	
	50	Eligible Provisions included in Tier 2 capital	995.92
		Eligible Investment Fluctuation Reserves included in Tier 2 capital	590.77
		Total of row 50	1586.69
58a		Excess Tier 2 capital not reckoned for capital adequacy (difference between Tier 2 capital as reported in row 58 and T2 as reported in 58a)	0.00

Rs in million Composition of Capital: Reconciliation Requirements Step 1 Balance Sheet Balance sheet as under regulatory scope of in financial statements consolidation As on reporting As on reporting date date A Capital & Liabilities Paid-up Capital 1,735.38 of which: Amount eligible for CET1 1,735.38 of which: Amount eligible for AT1 Employee's Stock Options Outstanding 157.42 Reserves & Surplus 26,994.78 Minority Interest Total Capital 28,887.58 ii Deposits 2,09,866.12 of which: Deposits from banks 4,057.07 of which: Customer deposits 2,05,809.05 of which: Other deposits (pl. specify) iii Borrowings 13,518.02 of which: From RBI of which: From banks 1,000.00 of which: From other institutions & agencies 12,518.02 of which: Others (pl. specify) of which: Capital instruments iv Other liabilities & provisions 5,164.03 of which: DTLs related to goodwill of which: DTLs related to intangible assets Total Capital & Liabilities 2,57,435.75

В	Assets		
i	Cash and balances with Reserve Bank of India	14,795.82	
	Balance with banks and money at call and short notice	1,510.22	
ii	Investments	57,343.93	
	of which: Government securities	52,508.25	
	of which: Other approved securities	-	
	of which: Shares	54.10	
	of which: Debentures & Bonds	3,820.39	
	of which: Subsidiaries / Joint Ventures / Associates	-	
	of which: Others (Commercial Papers, Mutual Funds etc.)	961.19	
iii	Loans & Advances	1,74,683.25	
	of which: Loans and advances to banks	-	
	of which: Loans and advances to customers	1 74 602 25	
is.,		1,74,683.25	
iv	Fixed assets Other Assets	2,890.63	
٧		6,211.90	
	of which: Goodwill and intangible assets Out of which:	489.67	
	Goodwill Color (and Francisco MODe)	400.07	
	Other intangibles (excluding MSRs)	489.67	
<u> </u>	of which: Deferred tax assets	489.67	
Vİ	Goodwill on consolidation	-	
	Total Assets	2,57,435.75	

Composition of Capital: Reconciliation Requirements Step 2 Rs in million Balance Sheet under regulatory Balance sheet scope of as in financial consolidation statements Ref No As on As on reporting date reporting date Capital & Liabilities Α Paid-up Capital 1,735.38 a1 Employee's Stock Options Outstanding 157.42 Reserves & Surplus 26,994.78 of which: Share premium 17,921.08 a2 Statutory Reserves 3,191.61 b1 Capital Reserves 2,078.77 b2 General Reserves 1,014.04 b3 Investment Fluctuation Reserve 590.77 b4

	I	İ	
	Special Reserve (Tax): After Tax Portion	309.37	b5
	Special Reserve (Tax): Tax Element (not considered as part of capital funds)	-	b6
	Contingency Reserves	0.50	b7
	Add: Credit balance in Profit and Loss account	(1,988.25)	b8a
	Current Period profits not reckoned for capital	, ,	
	adequacy purpose	2,350.70	b8b
	Revaluation Reserve reckoned as Tier I Capital	686.78	c1
	Revaluation Reserve not reckoned as Tier I Capital (55% discount)	839.40	c2
	Investment Reserve	639.40	c3
	Minority Interest	_	- 65
	Thin the state of		
ii	Total Capital	28,887.58	-
	Deposits	2,09,866.12	
	of which: Deposits from banks	4,057.07	
	of which: Customer deposits	2,05,809.05	
iii	of which: Other deposits (pl. specify)	-	
	Borrowings	13,518.02	
	of which: From RBI	-	
	of which: From banks	1,000.00	
	of which: From other institutions & agencies	12,518.02	
	of which: Others (pl. specify)	-	
	of which: Capital instruments: Tier II Bonds	1	
iv	of which Eligible Amount after discounting	-	d
	Other liabilities & provisions	5,164.03	
	of which: Provision for Standard assets	3,104.03	c4
	Total Capital & Liabilities	2,57,435.75	
В	Total Gapital & Liabilities	2,01,400.10	
i	Assets		
	Cash and balances with Reserve Bank of India	14,795.82	
ii	Balance with banks and money at call and short notice	1,510.22	
	Investments	57,343.93	
	of which: Government securities	52,508.25	
	of which: Other approved securities	-	
	of which: Shares	54.10	-
	of which: Debentures & Bonds	3,820.39	
	of which: Subsidiaries / Joint Ventures / Associates	-	
iii	of which: Others (Commercial Papers, Mutual Funds etc.)	961.19	
	Loans & Advances	1,74,683.25	

	of which: Loans and advances to banks	-	
iv	of which: Loans and advances to customers	1,74,683.25	
v	Fixed assets	2,890.63	
	Other Assets	6,211.90	
	of which: Goodwill and intangible assets	489.67	
	Out of which:		
	Goodwill	-	
	Other intangibles (excluding MSRs)	489.67	e1
vi	of which: Deferred tax assets	489.67	e2
vii	Goodwill on consolidation	-	
	Debit balance in Profit & Loss account	-	
	Total Assets	2,57,435.75	